				Progre	ession in N	lathematio	cs			
	Number and place value	Number – addition / subtraction	Number – Multiplication and division	Number Fractions – decimals and percentages	Geometry - Property of Shape	Geometry – position and direction	Measurement	Statistics	Ratio and Proportion	Algebra
EYFS	Count reliably with numbers from 1 – 20 Read and write numbers Place the numbers in order and say which is one less and one more than a given number Secure understanding of the concept of 0 Problem solving and applying opportunities Provide opportunities for children to make own problems Introduce tallying as a means or recording Use a hundred square to show number patters Encourage the children to count the things that they see beyond	Use qualities and objects to add and subtract 2 digit numbers Count on and back to find the answer Problem solving and applying opportunities Provide opportunities for children to make own problems	Doubling and halving with numbers up to 20 Sharing with numbers up to 20 Problem solving and using and applying opportunities Use nursery rhymes and songs that involve counting on and counting back in1's, 2's, 5's and 10 Provide opportunities for children to make own problems	Understand the concept of a Half Problem solving and applying opportunities	Introduce children to the mathematical names / vocabulary of 2D and 3D shapes and the properties to describe the shapes – e.g. number of vertices, edges, and faces Children to use the terms to describe the shapes Problem solving and applying opportunities	Describe position as such as behind or next to Recognise, create and recreate patterns and build models Problem solving and applying opportunities	Use every day language to talk about size, weight capacity, position, distance, time and money Use everyday language related to money Order 2 items by weight or capacity Use everyday language related to time — measure short periods of time in simple ways Problem solving and applying opportunities			
Y1	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. Begin to recognise the place value of numbers	Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero (using concrete objects and	Recall and use doubles of all numbers to 10 and corresponding halves. Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	Understand that a fraction can describe part of a whole. Understand that a unit fraction represents one equal part of a whole. Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object shape or quantity (including measure). Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or	Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles. Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres.	Describe movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns. Recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and shapes. Describe position and direction.	Measure and begin to record: - lengths and heights, using non-standard and then manageable standard units (m/cm) - mass/weight, using non-standard and then manageable standard units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using non-standard and then manageable standard units (litres/ml) - time (hours/minutes/seconds)	 Sort objects, numbers and shapes to a given criterion and their own. Present and interpret data in block diagrams using practical equipment. Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category. Ask and answer questions by comparing categorical data. 		

				T	T	1	1	T		T
	beyond 20 (tens and	pictorial		quantity (including			within children's range of			
	ones).	representations).		measure).			counting competence.			
	Identify and represent						Compare, describe and			
	numbers using objects	Solve one-step					solve practical			
	and pictorial	problems that involve					problems for:			
	representations	addition and					- lengths and heights			
	including the number	subtraction, using					(for example, long /			
	line.	concrete objects and					short, longer /			
	Use the language of:	pictorial					shorter. tall / short,			
	equal to, more than,	representations, and					double / half).			
	less than (fewer), most,	missing number					- mass/weight (for			
	least.	problems such as $7 = \square - 9$.					example, heavy / light,			
	Given a number,	□ - 9.					heavier than, lighter than).			
	identify one more and						- capacity and volume			
	one less.						(for example, full/empty,			
	Recognise and create						more than,			
	repeating patterns						less than, half, half full,			
	with numbers, objects						quarter).			
	and shapes.						- time (for example,			
	Identify odd and even						quicker, slower, earlier,			
	numbers linked to						later).			
	counting in twos from						Recognise and use			
	0 and 1.						language relating to			
							dates, including days			
	Solve problems and						of the week, weeks,			
	practical problems						months and years.			
	involving all of the						Sequence events in			
	above.						chronological order			
							using language (for			
							example, before and			
							after, next, first, today,			
							yesterday, tomorrow,			
							morning, afternoon			
							and evening.			
							Tell the time to the			
							hour and half past the			
							hour and draw the			
							hands on a clock face			
							to show these times.			
							Recognise and know			
							the value of different			
							denominations of			
							coins and notes.			
Y2	Count in steps of 2, 3,	Choose an	Understand	■ Understand and use	Identify and describe	Order/arrange	Choose and use	Compare and sort		
12	and 5 from 0, and in	appropriate strategy	multiplication as	the terms numerator	the properties of 2-D	combinations of	appropriate standard	objects, numbers and		
	tens from any number,	to solve a calculation	repeated addition.	and denominator.	shapes, including the	mathematical objects	units to estimate and	common 2-D and 3-D		
	forward and backward.		Understand division as	Understand that a	number of sides and	in patterns/sequences.		shapes and everyday		
	Read and write	based upon the	sharing and grouping	fraction can describe	line symmetry in a	Use mathematical	measure length/height	objects.		
	numbers to at least	numbers involved	and that a division	part of a set.	vertical line.	vocabulary to describe	in any direction	Interpret and		
	100 in numerals and in	(recall a known fact,	calculation can have a		Identify and describe	position, direction and	(m/cm); mass (kg/g);	construct simple		
	words.	calculate mentally, use	remainder.	Understand that the larger the	the properties of 3-D	movement, including	temperature (°C);	pictograms, tally		
		a jotting).		denominator is, the	shapes, including the	movement in a	capacity and volume	charts, block diagrams		
				denominator is, the		straight line and	(litres/ml) to the	and simple tables.		
		1	1				•		1	

more pieces it is split number of edges, distinguishing nearest appropriate Recognise the place Select a mental Show that Ask and answer into and therefore the vertices and faces. between rotation as a unit, using rulers, value of each digit in a multiplication of two simple questions by strategy appropriate smaller each part will turn and in terms of two-digit number numbers can be done scales, thermometers counting the number for the numbers be. right angles for (tens, ones). in any order and measuring vessels. of objects in each Identify 2-D shapes involved in the quarter, half and (commutative) and Recognise, find, name category and sorting Identify, represent and on the surface of 3-D calculation. Compare and order three-quarter turns division of one number and write fractions $\frac{1}{2}$, the categories by estimate numbers shapes, [for example, (clockwise and antilengths, mass, by another cannot. Show that addition of $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, quantity. using different a circle on a cylinder clockwise). volume/capacity and representations, two numbers can be Recall and use shape, set of objects Ask and answer and a triangle on a record the results including the number multiplication and done in any order or quantity. questions about pyramid]. using >, < and =. division facts for the 2, line. (commutative) and ■ Write simple fractions totalling and 5 and 10 multiplication Partition numbers in Recognise and use subtraction of one for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 comparing categorical tables, including different ways (e.g. 23 number from another symbols for pounds (£) and recognise the recognising odd and data. = 20 + 3 and 23 = 10cannot. and pence (p). equivalence of $\frac{2}{7}$ and even numbers. + 13). Understand Combine amounts to Derive and use Compare and order Count on and back in subtraction as take doubles of simple twomake a particular numbers from 0 up to away and difference digit numbers steps of $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$. value. 100: use <. > and = (numbers in which the (how many more, how signs. Find different ones total less than many less/fewer). Find 1 or 10 more or combinations of coins less than a given Recall and use that equal the same Derive and use halves number addition and amounts of money. of simple two-digit Round numbers to at subtraction facts to 20 even numbers Compare and least 100 to the fluently, and derive (numbers in which the sequence intervals of nearest 10. tens are even). and use related facts time. Understand the Calculate up to 100. ■ Tell and write the time connection between mathematical Recall and use the 10 multiplication to five minutes, statements for table and place value. number bonds for multiplication using including quarter multiples of 5 totalling Describe and extend repeated addition) and past/to the hour and simple sequences 60 (to support telling division within the draw the hands on a involving counting on time to nearest 5 multiplication tables clock face to show or back in different and write them using minutes). these times. steps. the multiplication (x), Add and subtract Know the number of division (÷) and equals Use place value and numbers using (=) signs. minutes in an hour and number facts to solve concrete objects, Solve problems involving problems. the number of hours in multiplication and pictorial a day. division (including those representations, and Solve simple problems with remainders), using mentally, including: materials, arrays, in a practical context - a two-digit number repeated addition, involving addition and and ones. mental methods, and subtraction of money - a two-digit number multiplication and of the same unit, and tens. division facts, including including giving problems in contexts. - two two-digit change and measures numbers. (including time). - adding three one-digit numbers.

> Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use

Y3 Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100. Count up and down in tenths	this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. Solve problems with addition and subtraction including with missing numbers: - using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. Choose an appropriate strategy to solve a calculation based upon the numbers involved	Choose an appropriate strategy to solve a calculation based upon the numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally use	Show practically or pictorially that a fraction is one whole number divided by another (e.g. \(\frac{3}{4}\) can be	Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations	Describe positions on a square grid labelled with letters and numbers.	Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity	Use sorting diagrams to compare and sort objects, numbers and common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday	
tenths. Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. Read and write numbers with one decimal place. Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations (including the number line). Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones). Identify the value of each digit to one decimal place. Partition numbers in different ways (e.g. 146	numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). Select a mental strategy appropriate for the numbers involved in the calculation. Understand and use take away and difference for subtraction, deciding on the most efficient method for the numbers involved, irrespective of context. Recall/use addition/subtraction facts for 100 (multiples of 5 and 10).	calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). Understand that division is the inverse of multiplication and vice versa. Understand how multiplication and division statements can be represented using arrays. Understand division as sharing and grouping and use each appropriately. Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. Derive and use doubles of all numbers to 100 and corresponding halves.	another (e.g. $\frac{3}{4}$ can be interpreted as 3 ÷ 4). Understand that finding a fraction of an amount relates to division. Recognise that tenths arise from dividing objects into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10. Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Recognise and use fractions and non-unit fractions and	different orientations and describe them. Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.		volume/capacity ((/ml). Continue to estimate and measure temperature to the nearest degree (°C) using thermometers. Understand perimeter is a measure of distance around the boundary of a shape. Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes. Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks.	shapes and everyday objects. Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.	

	= 100+ 40+6 and 146	Derive and use	Derive and use	with small			accuracy to the		
	= 130+16).	addition and	doubles of all	denominators.			nearest minute.		
	Compare and order	subtraction facts for	multiples of 50 to 500.	Recognise and show,			Record/compare time		
	numbers up to 1000.	100.	■ Write and calculate	using diagrams,			in terms of seconds,		
	Compare and order	Derive and use	mathematical	equivalent fractions			minutes, hours; use		
	numbers with one	addition and	statements for	with small			vocabulary such as		
	decimal place.	subtraction facts for	multiplication and	denominators.			o'clock, a.m./p.m.,		
	'	multiples of 100	division using the multiplication tables	Add and subtract			morning, afternoon,		
	Find 1, 10 or 100 more	totalling 1000.	that they know,	fractions with the			noon, midnight.		
	or less than a given		including for two-digit	same denominator			Know the number of		
	number.	Add and subtract	numbers times one-	within one whole [for			seconds in a minute		
	Round numbers to at	numbers mentally,	digit numbers, using	example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$].			and the number of		
	least 1000 to the	including:	mental and				days in each month,		
	nearest 10 or 100.	a three-digit number	progressing to formal written methods.	Compare and order			year and leap year.		
	Find the effect of	and ones.		unit fractions, and					
	multiplying a one- or	a three-digit number	Use estimation to check answers to	fractions with the			Compare durations of		
	two-digit number by	and tens.	calculations and	same denominators			events [for example		
	10 and 100, identify	a three-digit number	determine, in the	(including on a			to calculate the time		
	the value of the digits	and hundreds.	context of a problem,	number line).			taken by particular		
	in the answer.		an appropriate degree	Count on and back in			events or tasks].		
	Describe and extend	Add and subtract	of accuracy.	steps of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$.			 Continue to recognise 		
	number sequences	numbers with up to	Solve problems,	2 4 3			and use the symbols		
	involving counting on	three digits, using	including missing	Solve problems that			for pounds (£) and		
	or back in different	formal written	number problems, involving	involve all of the above.			pence (p) and		
	steps.	methods of columnar	multiplication and	mitorite an or the above.			understand that the		
	Read Roman numerals	addition and subtraction.	division (and				decimal point		
			interpreting				separates		
	from I to XII. Solve number	Estimate the answer	remainders), including				pounds/pence.		
	problems and practical	to a calculation and	positive integer scaling problems and				Recognise that ten		
	problems involving	use inverse operations	correspondence				10p coins equal £1		
	these ideas.	to check answers.	problems in which n				and that each coin is		
	triese ideas.	Solve problems,	objects are connected				$\frac{1}{10}$ of £1.		
		including missing	to m objects.				Add and subtract		
		number problems,					amounts of money to		
		using number facts,					give change, using		
		place value, and more					both £ and p in		
		complex addition and					practical contexts.		
		subtraction.					'		
							Solve problems		
							involving money and		
							measures and simple		
							problems involving		
							passage of time.		
Y4	Count in multiples of 6,	Choose an	Choose an	Understand that a	Compare and classify	Describe positions on	Estimate, compare and	Use a variety of	
	7, 9, 25 and 1000.	appropriate strategy	appropriate strategy	fraction is one whole	geometric shapes,	a 2-D grid as	calculate different	sorting diagrams to	
	Count backwards	to solve a calculation	to solve a calculation	number divided by	including	coordinates in the first	measures, including	compare and classify	
	through zero to	based upon the	based upon the	another (e.g. $\frac{3}{4}$ can be	quadrilaterals and	quadrant.	money in pounds and	numbers and	
		numbers involved	numbers involved	interpreted as 3 ÷ 4).	triangles, based on		pence.	geometric shapes	

- include negative numbers.
- Count up and down in hundredths.
- Read and write numbers to at least 10
- Read and write numbers with up to two decimal places.
- Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number.
- Identify the value of each digit to two decimal places.
- Partition numbers in different ways (e.g. 2.3 = 2+0.3 & 1+1.3).
- Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations (including the number line).
- Order and compare numbers beyond 1000.
- Order and compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places.
- Find 0.1, 1, 10, 100 or 1000 more or less than a given number.
- Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000
- Round decimals (one decimal place) to the nearest whole number
- Find the effect of dividing a one- or twodigit number by 10 and 100, identifying

- (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method).
- Select a mental strategy appropriate for the numbers involved in the calculation.
- Recall and use addition and subtraction facts for 100.
- Recall and use +/facts for multiples of 100 totalling 1000.
- Derive and use addition and subtraction facts for 1 and 10 (with decimal numbers to one decimal place).
- Add and subtract mentally combinations of two and three digit numbers and decimals to one decimal place.
- Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits and decimals with one decimal place using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate.
- Estimate: use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation.
- Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and

- (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method).
- Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations.
- Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12 .
- Use partitioning to double or halve any number, including decimals to one decimal place.
- Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: - multiplying by 0 and
- dividing by 1.
- multiplying together three numbers.
- Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a onedigit number using formal written layout.
- Divide numbers up to 3 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.
- Use estimation and inverse to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem.

Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects including those with a range of numerators

and denominators.

- Recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.
- Count on and back in steps of unit fractions.
- Compare and order unit fractions and fractions with the same denominators (including on a number line).
- Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions.
- Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths.
- Recognise and write decimal equivalents to
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator (using diagrams).
- Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. Solve simple measure and money problems

- their properties and sizes.
- Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations.
- Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.
- Continue to identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size.

- Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given
- polygon. Describe movements between positions as rectilinear figure translations of a given unit to the left/right centimetres and and up/down.
- Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including within a given money in pounds and boundary. pence.
- Order temperatures including those below
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres.
- Know area is a measure of surface within a given boundary.
- Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.
- Convert between different units of measure [e.g. kilometre to metre: hour to minutel.
- Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks.
- Write amounts of money using decimal notation.
- Recognise that one hundred 1p coins

- Order temperatures including those below 0°C.
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of a (including squares) in metres.
- Know area is a measure of surface
- Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.
- Convert between different units of measure [e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minutel.
- Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks.
- Write amounts of money using decimal notation.
- Recognise that one hundred 1p coins equal £1 and that each coin is $\frac{1}{100}$ of £1.
- Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months: weeks to days and problems involving money and measures.

- based on their properties and sizes.
- Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts, time graphs.
- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts. pictograms, tables and other graphs.

in the ai Describ- number involvin or back steps, ir sequenc multipli division Read Ro to 100 a over tim system include zero and Solve nu practica involve and witt large po	nswer. e and extend r sequences g counting on in different including ces with cation and s steps. oman numerals and know that ne, the numeral changed to the concept of d place value. umber and all problems that all of the above h increasingly ositive	addition and action problems ring missing	an appropriate degree of accuracy. Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, division (including interpreting remainders), integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.	involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.		equal £1 and that each coin is $\frac{1}{100}$ of £1. Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days and problems involving money and measures.			
backwa powers given n 000 00 Count backwa steps. Read, v compa at least 1 000 0 determ of each Read, v compa with up places. Identified each different desirand using tine. Find 0. 100, 10	forwards or ards in steps of s of 10 for any number up to 1 to 5 bas num forwards and ards in decimal write, order and are numbers to t to 5000 and nine the value h digit. write, order and are numbers p to 3 decimal write, order and are numbers p to 3 decimal to 1 and 1	propriate strategy solve a calculation sed upon the imbers involved scall a known fact, lculate mentally, e a jotting, written ethod). lect a mental rategy appropriate in the numbers volved in the lculation. scall and use dittion and btraction facts for and 10 (with crimal numbers to be decimal place).	Choose an appropriate strategy to solve a calculation based upon the numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method). Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall	 Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other. Read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. 0.71 = 71/100). Count on and back in mixed number steps such as 1½. Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number (including on a number line). Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including 	Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. Identify 3-D shapes from 2-D representations. Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°).	 Describe positions on the first quadrant of a coordinate grid. Plot specified points and complete shapes. Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. 	Use, read and write standard units of length and mass. Estimate (and calculate) volume ((e.g., using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)) and capacity (e.g. using water). Understand the difference between liquid volume and solid volume. Continue to order temperatures including those below 0°C. Convert between different units of metric measure. Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and	 Complete and interpret information in a variety of sorting diagrams (including those used to sort properties of numbers and shapes). Complete, read and interpret information in tables and timetables. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in all types of graph including a line graph. Calculate and interpret the mode, median and range. 	

lasa than a sirran				and a standard of	announce instruction (1997)	1	I	1
less than a given number.	numbers to two	prime numbers up to 19.	tenths and hundredths.	- angles at a point and	common imperial units			
	decimal places).			one whole turn (total 360°).	such as inches, pounds			
 Round any number up to 1 000 000 to 	Add and subtract	Recognise and use	Recognise and use	,	and pints.			
the nearest 10, 100,	numbers mentally	square (2) and cube	thousandths and	- angles at a point on a	Measure/calculate the			
1000, 10 000 and 100	with increasingly	(3) numbers, and	relate them to tenths,	straight line and half	perimeter of			
000.	large numbers and	notation.	hundredths and	a turn (total 180°).	composite rectilinear			
Round decimals with	decimals to two	Use partitioning to	decimal equivalents.	- other multiples of 90°.	shapes.			
two decimal places to	decimal places.	double or halve any	Add and subtract		Calculate and compare			
the nearest whole	Add and subtract	number, including	fractions with		the area of rectangle,			
number and to one	whole numbers with	decimals to two	denominators that are		use standard units			
decimal place.	more than 4 digits	decimal places.	the same and that are		square centimetres			
 Multiply/divide whole 	and decimals with	Multiply and divide	multiples of the same		(cm ²) and square			
numbers and	two decimal places,	numbers mentally	number (using		metres (m ²) and			
decimals by 10, 100 and 1000.	including using	drawing upon known	diagrams).		estimate the area of			
	formal written	facts.	■ Write statements > 1		irregular shapes.			
 Interpret negative numbers in context, 	methods (columnar		as a mixed number		Continue to read, write			
count on and back	addition and	Solve problems			and convert time			
with positive and	subtraction).	involving	(e.g. $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1 \frac{1}{5}$).		between analogue and			
negative whole	 Use rounding to 	multiplication and	Multiply proper		digital 12 and 24-hour			
numbers, including	check answers to	division including	fractions and mixed		clocks.			
through zero.	calculations and	using their	numbers by whole					
 Describe and extend 	determine, in the	knowledge of factors	numbers, supported		Solve problems			
number sequences		and multiples,	by materials and		involving converting			
including those with	context of a problem,	squares and cubes.	diagrams.		between units of time.			
multiplication/division	levels of accuracy.	 Multiply numbers up 	Recognise the per		Use all four operations			
steps and where the step size is a decimal.	 Solve addition and 	to 4 digits by a one-	cent symbol (%) and		to solve problems			
·	subtraction multi-	or two-digit number	understand that per		involving measure			
 Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M); 	step problems in	using a formal written	cent relates to		using decimal			
recognise years	contexts, deciding	method, including	'number of parts per		notation, including			
written as such.	which operations and	long multiplication	hundred', and write		scaling.			
Solve number and	methods to use and	for two-digit	percentages as a		•			
practical problems	why.	numbers.	fraction with					
that involve all of the	Solve addition and	Divide numbers up to	denominator 100, and					
above.	subtraction problems	4 digits by a one-digit	as a decimal.					
	involving missing	number using the						
	numbers.	formal written	Solve problems					
		method of short	involving fractions					
		division and interpret	and decimals to three					
		remainders	places.					
			Solve problems which					
		appropriately for the	require knowing					
		context.	percentage and decimal equivalents of					
		Use	$\frac{1}{2'} \frac{1}{4'} \frac{1}{5'} \frac{2}{5'} \frac{4}{5}$ and fractions					
		estimation/inverse to	2' 4' 5' 5' 5 and fractions with a denominator of					
		check answers to	a multiple of 10 or 25.					
		calculations;						
		determine, in the						
		context of a problem,	1	1				

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			an appropriate degree of accuracy.							
			Solve problems							
			involving addition,							
			subtraction,							
			multiplication and							
			division and a							
			combination of these,							
			including							
			understanding the							
			meaning of the							
			equals sign.							
			Solve problems							
			involving							
			multiplication and							
			division, including scaling by simple							
			fractions and							
			problems involving							
			simple rates.							
Y6	Count forwards or	Choose an	Choose an appropriate	Compare and order	Compare/classify	 Describe positions on 	■ Use, read and write	Continue to complete	Solve problems	Use simple formulae.
	backwards in steps of	appropriate strategy	strategy to solve a	fractions, including	geometric shapes	the full coordinate	standard units of	and interpret	involving the relative	Generate and
	integers, decimals,	to solve a calculation	calculation based upon the numbers involved	fractions > 1	based on the	grid (all four	length, mass, volume	information in a	sizes of two quantities	describe linear
	powers of 10.	based upon the numbers involved	(recall a known fact,	(including on a number line).	properties and sizes.	quadrants).	and time using	variety of sorting	where missing values	number sequences.
	Read, write, order and compare numbers up	(recall a known fact,	calculate mentally, use	■ Use common factors	■ Draw 2-D shapes	Draw and translate	decimal notation to	diagrams (including	can be found using	Express missing
	to 10 000 000 and	calculate mentally, use	a jotting, written method).	to simplify fractions;	using given	simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and	three decimal places.	sorting properties of	integer	number problems algebraically.
	determine the value of	a jotting, written	Identify common	use common	dimensions and	reflect them in the	Convert between	numbers and shapes).	multiplication/division	,
	each digit.	method).	factors, common	multiples to express	angles.	axes.	standard units of	Interpret and	facts.	Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an
	Identify the value of	Select a mental strategy appropriate	multiples and prime	fractions in the same denomination.	Illustrate and name		length, mass, volume	construct pie charts	Solve problems	equation with two
	each digit to three decimal places.	for the numbers in the	numbers. Use partitioning to	Recall and use	parts of circles,		and time using	and line graphs and	involving unequal	unknowns.
	Identify, represent and	calculation.	double or halve any	equivalences between	including radius,		decimal notation to	use these to solve	sharing and grouping	■ Enumerate
	estimate numbers	Recall and use	number.	simple fractions,	diameter and		three decimal places.	problems.	using knowledge of fractions and	possibilities of combinations of two
	using the number line.	addition and	Perform mental	decimals and	circumference and		Convert between miles	Solve comparison, sum	multiples	variables.
	Order and compare	subtraction facts for 1 (with decimals to two	calculations, including with mixed operations	percentages, including in different	know that the diameter is twice the		and kilometres.	and difference problems using	Solve problems	
	numbers including	decimal places).	and large numbers.	contexts.	radius.		Recognise that shapes	information presented	involving similar	
	integers, decimals and negative numbers.	Perform mental	 Multiply multi-digit 	Associate a fraction			with the same areas	in all types of graph.	shapes where the	
	Find 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1,	calculations including	numbers up to 4 digits	with division and	Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D		can have different perimeters and vice	Calculate and	scale factor is known	
	10 and powers of 10	with mixed operations	by a two-digit whole number using the	calculate decimal	shapes, including		versa.	interpret the mean as	or can be found.	
	more/less than a given	and large numbers and decimals.	formal written method	fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375 and $\frac{3}{2}$).	making nets.		Calculate the area of	an average.		
	number.	Add and subtract	of long multiplication.	8.	Recognise angles		parallelograms and			
	Round any whole	whole numbers and	Multiply one-digit	Add and subtract fractions with	where they meet at a		triangles.			
	number to a required	decimals using formal	numbers with up to two decimal places by	different	point, are on a					
	degree of accuracy.	written methods	whole numbers.	denominators and	straight line, or are		Recognise when it is possible to use			
	Round decimals with three decimal places to	(columnar addition and subtraction).	 Divide numbers up to 	mixed numbers, using	vertically opposite,		formulae for area and			
	three decimal places to the nearest whole	and Subtraction).	4 digits by a two-digit	the concept of	, , , ,		volume of shapes.			
	3.3		whole number using	equivalent fractions.			volume of snapes.			

number or one or two decimal places. Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places. Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Describe and extend number sequences including those with multiplication and division steps, inconsistent steps, alternating steps and those where the step size is a decimal. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.	Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. Use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations. Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Solve problems involving all four operations, including those with missing numbers.	the formal written methods of short or long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places. Use estimation and inverse to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. Use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations. Solve problems involving all four operations, including those with missing numbers.	■ Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$). ■ Divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$). ■ Find simple percentages of amounts. ■ Solve problems involving fractions. ■ Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy. ■ Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g. of measures and such as 15% of 260) and the use of percentages for comparison.	and find missing angles. Find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, regular polygons.		■ Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units (e.g. mm³ and km³). ■ Calculate differences in temperature, including those that involved a positive and negative temperature. ■ Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate.			
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